

Caregiving in
The Comfort of Home®

Caregiver Assistance News

“CARING FOR YOU... CARING FOR OTHERS”

Alzheimer’s Disease and Wandering

One of the most troubling aspects of Alzheimer’s (AD) is the person’s tendency to wander away from home. There is no way to predict who will wander or when it might happen. However, some of the reasons can be pain or restlessness, side effects of medication, a noisy or stressful environment, an attempt to meet basic needs (finding the toilet) or trying to meet former obligations to job or family.

Wandering may also be a natural release for boredom or agitation. If this is the reason, wandering within a safe confined space may be encouraged. When faced with episodes of wandering, try to find their *cause*.

Reduce the Chance of Wandering

You cannot always prevent wandering, but you can do many things to reduce the chances it will happen.

- Provide opportunities for **exercise**. Exercise might include singing, rhythmic movements, walking at an indoor mall, or dancing. Develop areas indoors and outdoors where the person can explore and wander independently and safely.
- **Reduce noise** and confusion, particularly at mealtimes.

Note: Alzheimer’s disease is the 6th leading cause of death among US adults.

Source: CDC

- **Clearly label** bathrooms, living rooms, and bedrooms with large letters or pictures. Try attaching a yellow strip of plastic, symbolizing caution, across doors to prevent wanderers from entering or leaving the room. Place a large NO on doors.



- **Camouflage doors** by painting exit doors the same color as the walls or cover doors with curtains. Place a full-length mirror on doors to the outside. Some people will turn around when they see the image, not recognizing themselves.
- **Install electronic alarms** or chimes on windows and doors.
- **Monitor medication** for changes, especially anti-depressants or anti-anxiety drugs.
- Determine whether wandering is related to previous lifestyles. Find out how the person coped with change and stress and **learn about patterns** of physical exercise and lifetime habits, both at home and at work. (Did the person always react to an argument by going out and walking for an hour? Did he always jog in the afternoon?) Have a plan of action if wandering occurs.

Source: The Comfort of Home for Alzheimer’s Disease: A Guide for Caregivers

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on page 2

Safe Return Program

If you are the authorized caregiver or a family member, you can register the person in your care with the Alzheimer's Association's Safe Return Program. The Alzheimer's Association, in collaboration with MedicAlert® Foundation, provides membership plans with 24/7 Wandering Support. Call 800-432-5378 or visit www.alz.org/safereturn for details.

Getting started is easy: Choose your medical ID and engrave it with the most critical information and select a membership plan that best suits your needs. Enjoy peace of mind knowing you or your loved one are protected with MedicAlert. Products are mailed in six to eight weeks. Having the identifying information and a picture stored in a national database will increase chances of finding someone even if they refuse to wear the bracelet.



Call the Safe Return Hotline at 800-572-1122 as soon as possible when the registrant moves or goes on vacation so Safe Return always has up-to-date information.

Preparing for a Safe Return

Prevention is the best cure, but if you can't prevent your loved one from wandering, here is a checklist of things that will make it easier for them to be found.

- ✓ Note what the person is wearing each day.
- ✓ Have photos available to give to the police and searchers.
- ✓ Have information on age, height, weight, hair and eye color, physical disabilities, and other identifying features.
- ✓ Know if the person has any medical problems or takes medication.
- ✓ Note the person's favorite places to go, "hang outs" and familiar sites.
- ✓ Put bells on the doors to alert you when they are opened.
- ✓ Be aware of nearby hazards such as bodies of water, dense foliage, construction sites, high cliffs, steep stairways, high balconies, busy roads, fences, and gates.
- ✓ Know if the person can use a bus or a taxi.
- ✓ Keep unwashed clothing or wipe clean cotton balls on the person's face or arm. Put the balls in individual Ziploc bags and store them in the freezer. Tracking dogs can use them to pick up a scent.

When the missing person is found, call the police and the Safe Return program (800-572-1122).

Source: Alzheimer's Association; <https://www.alz.org/help-support/caregiving/safety/medicalert-with-24-7-wandering-support>

Taking Care of Yourself— Poetry Relaxes

When caring for a person with dementia it can be difficult to find ways to relax.

Poetry can be powerful therapy for people with dementia as well as relaxing

for the caregiver. Tapping into the rhythm and rhymes of poems can

make people laugh, dance or cry.

Try your favorite poem or consider:

- The Owl and the Pussy Cat - Edward Lear
- The Raven - Edgar Allen Poe
- How Do I Love Thee - Elizabeth Barrett Browning
- Rock Me to Sleep - Elizabeth Akers Allen
- Jabberwocky—Lewis Carroll
- Jeanie with the Light Brown Hair—Stephen Foster

Source: www.alzpoetry.com; Alzheimer's Foundation of America's CareADvantage Spring 2006



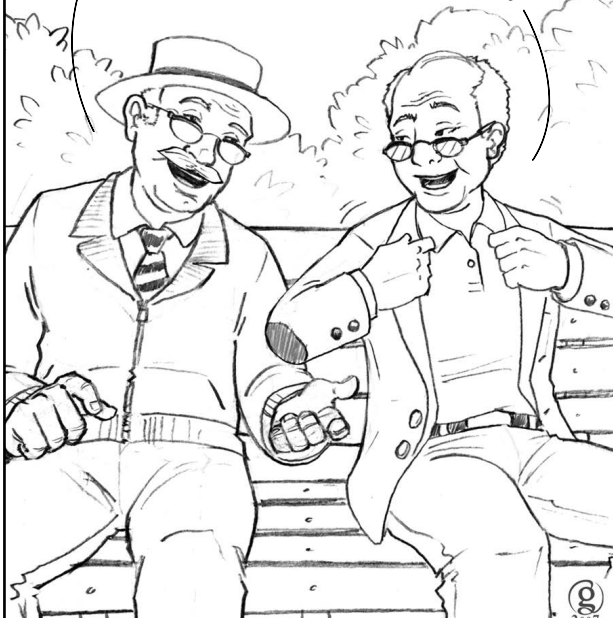
Inspiration

Do not let what you cannot do interfere with what you can do.

Live Life Laughing!

When I was 20 and I dropped something, I'd pick it up.

Now I'm 80 and I drop something, I decide I don't need it anymore!



Memory Care - Inform the Neighbors

Contact the people living in the immediate vicinity and ask them to alert you if they see the person in your care walking around unsupervised to contact you. Show them a photo of the person. It is important to make people aware so you create a huge safety net for the person with Alzheimer's.

Caregiving in
The Comfort of Home®

Our Purpose

To provide caregivers with critical information enabling them to do their job with confidence, pride, and competence.

Ordering Info

From the publishers of

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SAFETY TIPS— What Happens When People with AD Wander

Of those with Alzheimer's or a related dementia, 59% will get lost, usually while doing normal activities.

- ➔ Of those not located within 24 hours of the last time seen, 46% may die, usually succumbing to cold and thirst.
- ➔ Individuals with Alzheimer's usually do not cry out for help or respond to shouts; they leave few physical clues.
- ➔ They usually travel less than one-tenth of a mile.
- ➔ They may try to travel to a former residence, work place, or city.
- ➔ They are usually found a short distance from a road or an open field; 63% are found in a creek or drainage area or caught in briars or bushes.
- ➔ Most wandering incidents occur during normal daily activities (while trying to locate a restroom, gift shop, recreation room, etc.).

Source: *The Alzheimer's Association and The Comfort of Home for Alzheimer's Disease: A Guide for Caregivers*

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“ C A R I N G F O R Y O U ... C A R I N G F O R O T H E R S ”

Q U I C K Q U I Z

Wandering is a common behavioral aspect of Alzheimer's (AD). It is important to know how to respond to a person who wanders. Answer True or False to the questions below.

1. Some people with AD will turn around when they see their image in a mirror, not recognizing themselves.
T F
2. Reducing noise and confusion, particularly at mealtimes, will not reduce the chance of wandering.
T F
3. You cannot always prevent wandering, but you can do many things to reduce the chances it will happen.
T F
4. One of the most troubling aspects of Alzheimer's is the person's tendency to wander away from home.
T F
5. Find out how the person with AD coped with change and stress and learning about patterns of physical exercise and lifetime habits, both at home and at work.
T F
6. It will not make it any easier to find the missing person if you have saved unwashed clothing.
T F
7. If you can't prevent the person in your care from wandering, there are things to do that will make it easier for them to be found.
T F
8. Poetry can be powerful therapy for people with dementia as well as relaxing for the caregiver.
T F
9. Wandering may also be a natural release for boredom or agitation.
T F
10. If you are an authorized caregiver or a family member, you can register the person in your care with the Alzheimer's Association's Safe Return Program.
T F

Name _____

Signature _____ Date _____